

Isaia

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Isaia is a Neapolitan tailoring luxury brand founded by Enrico Isaia in Casalnuovo di Napoli in 1920. The brand is recognized by its tiny red coral logo, which is a good-luck charm in Naples. The brand describes its clientele as "passionate, sophisticated, irreverent, eclectic and elegant."

Gianluca Isaia is the chief executive officer.

== Stores ==

Isaia has monobrand stores in Naples, Baku, Bal Harbour, Beverly Hills, Capri, Chicago, Cyprus, Ekaterinburg, Hong Kong, Kuwait city, Kyiv, Las Vegas, London, Macao, Milan, Miami Bal Harbour, Moscow, Palm Beach, Ulaanbaatar, New Delhi, New York City, Riyadh, St. Petersburg, St. Moritz, San Francisco, Rome, Toronto and Tokyo.

Pelenike Isaia

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Pelenike Tekinene Isaia served in the Parliament of Tuvalu from 2011 to 2015. Before her election as an MP she worked for the Tuvalu Cooperative Society, as its branch manager in Nui.

Her career in national politics began when she won the August 2011 by-election for the constituency of Nui, and thus entered Parliament. The by-election had been caused by the death of her husband, the incumbent MP and Minister for Works Isaia Italeli. Pelenike Isaia stated she would aim to continue his work, and she was the candidate endorsed by Prime

Isaia

Minister Willy Telavi's government. Italeli's death had deprived the Telavi government of its one-seat majority in Parliament, and when Pelenike Isaia won the by-election, defeating the only other candidate (Leneuoti Maatusi) by a sixty-two vote majority, her victory secured parliamentary support for Telavi. She was appointed Minister for Home Affairs.

She was the second woman ever to have sat in Tuvalu's Parliament, following Naama Maheu Latasi, who was an MP for Nanumea from 1989 to 1997. Isaia's election put an end to Tuvalu being one of the few countries in the world having no female parliamentarians - although the Tuvaluan national Parliament admittedly...

Isaïa Cordinier

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Isaïa Cordinier (born 28 November 1996) is a French professional basketball player for Anadolu Efes of the Basketbol Süper Ligi (BSL) and the EuroLeague. He was selected by the Atlanta Hawks with the 44th overall pick in the 2016 NBA draft. Standing at 1.96 m (6 ft 5 in), he plays at the shooting guard and small forward positions.

== Early life and career ==

Cordinier started playing basketball at age seven, in Vence. His father is from the French overseas department of Martinique and Cordinier lived in Martinique from 2006 to 2009. He later joined the youth academy of Sharks d'Antibes.

Isaia Italeli

Isaia Italeli Taeia (1960s – 19/20 July 2011), more commonly known as Isaia Italeli, was a Tuvaluan politician. He was elected to Parliament as MP for

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He was elected to Parliament as MP for Nui in the September 2010 general election, at which time his elder brother, Sir Iakoba Italeli Taeia, was serving as Governor-General.

On 29 September 2010, he was elected Speaker of Parliament. He joined the Opposition to Prime Minister Maatia Toafa's

Isaia

government in December 2010, along with a backbencher and Home Affairs Minister Willy Telavi, enabling the latter to oust Toafa in a motion of no confidence, and replace him. As Prime Minister, Telavi appointed Italeli Minister for Works and Natural Resources.

== Death ==

He was found dead in his room at the Hotel Elisa in the Samoan capital, Apia, on 20 July 2011. He was in Samoa to attend a Forum Fisheries Agency Ministers' Meeting. The Samoan police stated that, although the death was sudden, and Italeli was only in his 40s, the death was "likely" to be of natural causes. He was buried on Nui on 25 July 2011 following a state funeral.

His widow, Pelenike Isaia, succeeded him to Parliament in the resulting by-election the following month, stating she would continue his work, and thus...

Sale Isaia

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Sale Isaia Jr. (June 13, 1972 – November 23, 2022) was an American professional football player who was a guard in the National Football League (NFL). He played college football for the UCLA Bruins. He was originally signed as an undrafted free agent by the Cleveland Browns in 1995.

== College career ==

Isaia attended the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA) and originally played on the defensive line his first three seasons before being moved to the offensive line.

Isaias (given name)

Look up Isaias or Esaias in Wiktionary, the free dictionary. Isaías is the Spanish and Portuguese language form of the biblical name Isaiah. Notable people

Isaia

Isaías is the Spanish and Portuguese language form of the biblical name Isaiah.

Notable people with the name include:

Isaias of Constantinople (died 1332), Ecumenical Patriarch of Constantinople from 1323 to 1332

Isaias Afwerki (born 1942), first and current president of Eritrea

Isaías Carrasco (1964–2008), Basque politician

Isaías D'Oleo Ochoa (born 1980), Costa Rican poet

Isaías Duarte Cancino (1939–2002), Colombian Catholic priest and Archbishop of Cali

Isaias W. Hellman (1842–1920), German-born American banker and philanthropist, and a founding father of the University of Southern California

Isaías Marques Soares (born 1963), Brazilian footballer

Isaías Medina Angarita (1897–1953), President of Venezuela from 1941 to 1945

Isaías de Noronha (1874–1963), Brazilian admiral and member of the junta that governed Brazil in 1930

Isaías Rodríguez (born 1942), Venezuelan politician, diplomat and lawyer, Vice President of Venezuela in 2000

Isaías Samakuva (born 1946), Angolan politician

Isaías Sánchez (born 1987), Spanish footballer

Isaías Silva Aragão (1967–2007), Brazilian footballer

Isaia Toeava

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Isaia

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Isaia "Ice" Toeava (born 15 January 1986) is a former professional rugby union player from New Zealand. He was a part of the 2007 Rugby World Cup and World Cup-winning 2011 Rugby World Cup squads for New Zealand.

== Early career ==

Toeava was born in Samoa but moved to New Zealand in 1994 to live with his grandmother. He attended De La Salle College, Mangere East, he played alongside Taniela Moa in the school's First XV rugby team. He represented New Zealand U-19, where he was named the IRB's Under-19 2005 player of the year. He played at second-five for New Zealand Under 19. Other early career highlights include playing second five for the Championship-winning Auckland Marist Under 21 side, coached by Peter Tubberty. His sister, Peta, is an international netball player having debuted for the Silver Ferns in 2018.

Isaia Rasila

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Isaia Rasila (29 April 1969 – 9 October 2010) was a Fijian rugby union player, who was capped for Fiji on 34 occasions, five as team captain. He played in two Rugby World Cups.

== Notes ==

Isaias Afwerki

Isaias Afwerki (Tigrinya: ሳሳያስ ላፍወርካ, Tigrinya pronunciation: [isajas afwerkʰi], /ɪˈsɑːjəs ˈɑːfwɜːrki/ ; born 2 February 1946) is an Eritrean politician

Isaias Afwerki (Tigrinya: ሳሳያስ ላፍወርካ, Tigrinya pronunciation: [isajas afwerkʰi], ; born 2 February 1946) is an Eritrean politician who has served as the president of Eritrea since its independence in 1993 and the chairman of the People's Front for Democracy and Justice (PFDJ) since 1994.

Isaias joined the pro-independence Eritrean Liberation Front in 1967 and quickly rose through the ranks to become its

Isaia

leader in 1970, before defecting to form the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF). Having consolidated power within this group, he led pro-independence forces to victory on 24 May 1991, ending the 30-year-old war for independence from Ethiopia, before being elected president of the newly founded country of Eritrea two years later.

Western scholars and historians have long considered Isaias to be a totalitarian leader, with Eritrea's constitution remaining unenforced, electoral institutions effectively being nonexistent, and a policy of mass conscription. The United Nations and human rights organizations such as Amnesty International and Freedom House have cited him for human rights violations. Since 2024, Reporters Without Borders has ranked Eritrea, under the government of Isaias...

Graziadio Isaia Ascoli

Graziadio Isaia Ascoli (pronounced [grattsja(d)'di:o iza'i:a 'askoli]; 16 July 1829 – 21 January 1907) was an Italian linguist. Ascoli was born in an

Graziadio Isaia Ascoli (pronounced [grattsja(d)'di:o iza'i:a 'askoli]; 16 July 1829 – 21 January 1907) was an Italian linguist.

== Life and work ==

Ascoli was born in an Italian-speaking Jewish family in the multiethnic town of Gorizia, then part of the Austrian Empire (now in Italy). Already as a boy, he learned some of the other languages traditionally spoken in the town: German, Friulian, Slovene, and Venetian.

An autodidact, he published his first important work on the languages of the Orient, *Studii orientali e linguistici*, in 1854. In 1860, he was appointed a professor of linguistics at the Academy of Science and Letters (Italian: *Accademia scientifico-letteraria*) in Milan and introduced the study of comparative philology, Romance studies, and Sanskrit.

He made an important contribution to the study of the relationship between Indo-European and Semitic languages and was a pioneer in the study of Romani and Celtic languages.

In Italy, he is above all known for his studies of Italian dialects, which he was first to classify systematically. On the Italian language question (*questione della lingua*), he did not accept a standard language based on the Florentine dialect as proposed...

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