

Common Core Group Activities

Austin Group

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The Austin Group or the Austin Common Standards Revision Group is a joint technical working group formed to develop and maintain a common revision of POSIX.1 and parts of the Single UNIX Specification. It is named after the location of the first meeting in Austin, Texas.

The approach to specification

development is "write once, adopt everywhere", with the deliverables being a set of specifications that carry the IEEE POSIX designation, The Open Group's Technical Standard designation, and the ISO/IEC designation. The new set of specifications is simultaneously ISO/IEC/IEEE 9945, and forms the core of the Single UNIX Specification Version 3. The IEEE formerly designated this standard as 1003.1.

This unique development combines both the industry-led efforts and the formal standardization activities...

Common-pool resource

goods, common pool resources face problems of congestion or overuse, because they are subtractable. A common-pool resource typically consists of a core resource

In economics, a common-pool

resource (CPR) is a type of good consisting of a natural or human-made resource system (e.g. an irrigation system or fishing grounds), whose size or characteristics makes it costly, but not impossible, to exclude potential beneficiaries from obtaining benefits from its use. Unlike pure public goods, common pool resources face problems of congestion or overuse, because they are subtractable. A common-pool resource typically consists of a core resource (e.g., water or fish), which defines the stock variable, while providing a limited quantity of extractable fringe units, which defines the flow variable. While the core resource is to be protected or nurtured in order to allow for its continuous exploitation, the fringe units can be harvested or consumed.

Core (anatomy)

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(central) part of an organism's body. In common parlance, the term is broadly considered to be synonymous with the torso

The core or trunk is the axial (central) part of an organism's body. In common parlance, the term is broadly considered to be synonymous with the torso, but academically it also includes the head and neck. Functional movements are highly dependent on this part of the body, and lack of core muscular development can result in a predisposition to injury. The major muscles of the core reside in the area of the belly and the mid- and lower back (not the shoulders), and peripherally include the hips, the shoulders and the neck.

Ice core

An ice core is a core sample that is typically removed from

an ice sheet or a high mountain glacier. Since the ice forms from the incremental buildup of

An ice core is a core sample that is typically removed from an ice sheet or a high mountain glacier. Since the ice forms from the incremental buildup of annual layers of snow, lower layers are older than upper ones, and an ice core contains ice formed over a range of years. Cores are drilled with hand augers (for shallow holes) or powered drills; they can reach depths of over two miles (3.2 km), and contain ice up to 800,000 years old.

The physical properties of the ice and of material trapped in it can be used to reconstruct the climate over the age range of the core. The proportions of different oxygen and hydrogen isotopes provide information about ancient temperatures,

and the air trapped in tiny bubbles can be analysed to determine the level of atmospheric gases such as carbon dioxide...

Core-Plus Mathematics Project

recently the standards for mathematical content and practice in the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics (CCSSM). The program puts an emphasis

Core-Plus Mathematics is a high school mathematics program consisting of a four-year series of print and digital student textbooks and supporting materials for teachers, developed by the Core-Plus Mathematics Project (CPMP) at Western Michigan University, with funding from the National Science Foundation. Development of the program started in 1992. The first edition, entitled Contemporary Mathematics in

Context: A Unified Approach, was completed in 1995. The third edition, entitled Core-Plus Mathematics: Contemporary Mathematics in Context, was published by McGraw-Hill Education in 2015. All rights were returned to the authors in 2024, who have made all textbooks freely available.

Core architecture data model

Core architecture data model (CADM) in enterprise architecture is a logical data model of information used to describe and build architectures. The CADM

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The CADM is essentially a common database schema, defined within the US Department of Defense

Architecture Framework DoDAF. It was initially published in 1997 as a logical data model for architecture data.

Financial core

bargaining activities. The court referred to these collective bargaining costs as a union's financial core. The worker who chooses financial core status is

Financial core (also known as ficore or fi-core) refers to a legal carve-out that permits workers opposed to participating in a labor union to be employed under the benefits of a union's contracts without compelling them to be a member of that union.

The term "financial core" was first used in a 1963 United States Supreme Court decision, National Labor Relations Board v. General Motors. The court determined

that while workers cannot be compelled to be a union "member" as a condition of employment, they would be compelled to pay their share of a union's collective bargaining activities. The court referred to these collective bargaining costs as a union's financial core.

The worker who chooses financial core status is not a union member, cannot run or vote in union elections, and is referred...

Ursa Major moving group

to have a common origin in space and time. In the case of the Ursa Major group, all the stars formed about 300 million years ago. Its core is roughly

The Ursa Major Moving Group, also known as Collinder 285 and the Ursa Major association, is the closest stellar moving group – a set of stars with common velocities

in space and thought to have a common origin in space and time. In the case of the Ursa Major group, all the stars formed about 300 million years ago. Its core is roughly 80 light years away and part of the Local Bubble. It is rich in prominent stars including most of the stars of the Big Dipper.

Curriculum

(NCTM) for mathematical instruction. The Common Core State Standards Initiative (CCSSI) promulgates a core set of standards which are specific information

In education, a curriculum (; pl.: curriculums or curricula) is the totality of student experiences that occur in an educational process. The term often refers specifically to a planned sequence of instruction, or to a view of the student's experiences in terms of the educator's or school's

instructional goals. A curriculum may incorporate the planned interaction of pupils with instructional content, materials, resources, and processes for evaluating the attainment of educational objectives. Curricula are split into several categories: the explicit, the implicit (including the hidden), the excluded, and the extracurricular.

Curricula may be tightly standardized or may include a high level of instructor or learner autonomy. Many countries have national curricula in primary and secondary education...

Common myna

(4%), vocalisation (7%) and preening-related activities, interactions and other activities (7%). The common myna uses the nests of woodpeckers, parakeets

The common myna or Indian

myna (*Acridotheres tristis*), sometimes spelled mynah, is a bird in the family Sturnidae, native to Asia. An omnivorous open woodland bird with a strong territorial instinct, the common myna has adapted extremely well to urban environments.

The range of the common myna is increasing at such a rapid rate that in 2000 the IUCN Species Survival Commission declared it one of the world's most invasive species and one of only three birds listed among "100 of the World's Worst Invasive Species" that pose a threat to biodiversity, agriculture and human interests. In particular, the species poses a serious threat to the ecosystems of Australia, where it was named "The Most Important Pest/Problem" in 2008.

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